

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of issue: 07/06/1998 Revision date: 02/21/2018 Supersedes: 10/14/2013

Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identifica	tion	
1.1. Identification		
Product form		: Substance
Substance name		: Sodium Hydroxide
CAS-No.		: 1310-73-2
Product code		: LC23900
Formula		: NaOH
Synonyms		: anhydrous caustic soda / caustic alkali / caustic flake / caustic soda, solid / caustic white /
		caustic, flaked / hydrate of soda / hydroxide of soda / LEWIS red devil lye / soda lye / sodium hydroxide, pellets
1.2. Recommended us	se and restrictions o	on use
Use of the substance/mixture	;	: Industrial use
Recommended use		: Laboratory chemicals
Restrictions on use		: Not for food, drug or household use
1.3. Supplier		
PE Chemicals cc 137 Grahamstown Rd, Deal I	Party Port Elizabeth	South Africa
edelange@pechem.co.za w	w.pechem.co.za	
1.4. Emergency teleph	none r umber	
Emergency number		: 082 571 3817
SECTION 2: Hazard(s)) identification	
2.1. Classification of t	he substance or mix	xture
GHS-US classification		
Skin corrosion/irritation.	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eve damage.
Category 1A		
Serious eye damage/eye	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Hazardous to the aquatic	H402	Harmful to aquatic life
environment — Acute		
Hazard, Category 3		
Full text of H statements : see	e section 16	
2.2. GHS Label element	nts, including preca	utionary statements
GHS-US labelling		
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US	5)	
		GHS05
Signal word (GHS-US)		: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US	5)	: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eve damage.
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	H402 - Harmful to aquatic life
Precautionary statements (G	HS-US)	P260 - Do not breathe dust, vapours. P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling
		P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
		P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
		P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
		Rinse skin with water/shower.
		P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
		P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
		contact lenses, it present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor
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	P363 - Wash contaminated P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/	clothing before reuse. container to Comply with	n applicable	e regulations
2.3. Other hazards which do not result in c	lassification			
Other hazards not contributing to the : classification	None under normal conditio	ns.		
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)				
Not applicable				
SECTION 3: Composition/information	on ingredients			
3.1. Substances				
Substance type :	Mono-constituent			
Name		Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Sodium Hydroxide (Main constituent)		(CAS-No.) 1310-73-2	100	Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see	section 16			
3.2. Mixtures				
Not applicable				
SECTION 4: First-aid measures				
4.1. Description of first aid measures				
	arrest: artificial respiration o with laboured breathing: hal Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/ warming up). Keep watching physical strain. Depending of	r oxygen. Cardiac arrest f-seated. Victim in shock aspiration pneumonia. P g the victim. Give psycho on the victim's condition:	: perform re c: on his ba Prevent coo plogical aid. doctor/hos	esuscitation. Victim conscious ick with legs slightly raised. ling by covering the victim (no . Keep the victim calm, avoid spital.
First-aid measures after inhalation :	Remove the victim into fresh	n air. Respiratory probler	ms: consult	a doctor/medical service.
First-aid measures after skin contact :	Wipe off dry product from sl water (15 minutes)/shower. clothing if it sticks to the skin service. If burned surface >	kin. Remove clothing bef Do not apply (chemical) n. Cover wounds with ste 10%: take victim to hosp	ore washin neutralizin erile banda pital.	ig. Wash immediately with lots of g agents. Do not remove ge. Consult a doctor/medical
First-aid measures after eye contact :	Rinse immediately with pler easy to do. Continue rinsing ophthalmologist.	ity of water for 15 minute J. Do not apply neutralizing	es. Remove ng agents.	e contact lenses, if present and Take victim to an
First-aid measures after ingestion :	Rinse mouth with water. Im vomiting. Do not give activa doctor/medical service. Call large quantities: immediatel	mediately after ingestion ted charcoal. Do not give Poison Information Cen y to hospital. Take the co	: give lots c e chemical tre (<u>www.b</u> ontainer/voi	of water to drink. Do not induce antidote. Immediately consult a <u>ig.be/antigif.htm).</u> Ingestion of mit to the doctor/hospital.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	(acute and delayed)			
Symptoms/effects after inhalation :	WHEN PROCESSED: Dry/s the nasal mucous membran difficulties. FOLLOWING Sy respiratory tract. Possible la	sore throat. Coughing. Irr es. ON CONTINUOUS E /MPTOMS MAY APPEA ryngeal spasm/oedema.	ritation of th EXPOSURI R LATER: Risk of lur	ne respiratory tract. Irritation of E/CONTACT: Respiratory Possible oedema of the upper ng oedema.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact :	Blisters. Caustic burns/corro	sion of the skin. Slow-he	ealing wour	nds.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact :	Corrosion of the eye tissue.	Permanent eye damage	Э.	
Symptoms/effects after ingestion :	Dry/sore throat. Nausea. At esophageal perforation. But tract. Shock.	dominal pain. Blood in v ns to the gastric/intestina	omit. Diffic al mucosa.	ulty in swallowing. Possible Bleeding of the gastrointestinal
Chronic symptoms :	ON CONTINUOUS/REPEA Possible inflammation of the	TED EXPOSURE/CONT e respiratory tract. Gastro	ACT: Dry sointestinal of	skin. Skin rash/inflammation. complaints.
4.3. Immediate medical attention and spec	ial treatment, if necessary			

SECTIC	N 5: Fire-fighting measures	
5.1.	Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing	ng media
Suitable e	extinguishing media	: Adapt extinguishing media to the environment for surrounding fires.

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5.2. Specific hazards arising from the	Specific hazards arising from the cherrical		
Fire hazard	: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Non combustible. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".		
Explosion hazard	: INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD: Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".		
Reactivity	: May be corrosive to metals. Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent to explosive reaction with (some) acids. Reacts violently with many compounds: heat release resulting in increased fire or explosion risk. Violent exothermic reaction with water (moisture): release of corrosive mist. Reacts exothermically on exposure to water (moisture) with combustible materials: risk of spontaneous ignition.		
5.3. Special protective equipment and	d precautions for fire-fighters		
Precautionary measures fire	: Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.		
Firefighting instructions	: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. When cooling/extinguishing: no water in the substance. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.		
Protection during firefighting	: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.		
SECTION 6: Accidental release m	easures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protective	equipment and emergency procedures		
General measures	: Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dike and contain spill.		
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel			
Protective equipment	 Gloves. Face-shield. Corrosion-proof suit. Dust cloud production: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. Contact with moisture/water: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. Contact with moisture/water: gas-tight suit. 		
Emergency procedures	: Mark the danger area. Prevent dust cloud formation. Corrosion-proof appliances. Keep containers closed. Avoid ingress of water in the containers. Wash contaminated clothes. On contact with moisture/water: keep upwind. On contact with moisture/water: consider evacuation. In case of hazardous reactions: keep upwind. In case of reactivity hazard: consider evacuation.		
Measures in case of dust release	: In case of dust production: keep upwind. Dust production: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.		
6.1.2. For emergency responders			
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Do not breathe dust.		
Emergency procedures	: Stop release.		
6.2. Environmental precautions			
Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spre	event soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.		
6.3. Methods and material for contain	ment and cleaning up		

For containment	: Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the solid spill. Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. Reaction: dilute combustible gas/vapour with water curtain.
Methods for cleaning up	: Collect the spill only if it is in a dry state. Wetted substance: cover with powdered limestone or dry sand, earth, vermiculite. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. Under controlled conditions: neutralize leftovers with dilute acid solution. Possible violent reaction if you neutralize. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections No additional information available

SECTION	ON 7: Handling and storage	
7.1.	Precautions for safe handling	
Precautio	ons for safe handling	: Avoid raising dust. Avoid contact of substance with water. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Keep the substance free from contamination. Use corrosionproof equipment. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain.

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	g any incompatibilities
Incompatible products	: combustible materials. metals. Strong acids. Strong oxidizers. Protect from moisture.
Incompatible materials	: incompatible materials. Moisture. Heat sources.
Storage temperature	: 20 °C
Heat and ignition sources	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.
Prohibitions on mixed storage	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: combustible materials. oxidizing agents. (strong) acids. metals. organic materials. water/moisture.
Storage area	: Store in a dry area. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Store at ambient temperature. Keep only in the original container. Meet the legal requirements.
Special rules on packaging	: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: hermetical. watertight. corrosion-proof. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials	: SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. nickel. polyethylene. paper. MATERIAL TO AVOID: lead. aluminium. copper. tin. zinc. bronze. textile.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters		
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-	-2)	
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves. Dust/aerosol mask with filter type P3.



Materials for protective clothing:

GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: natural rubber. neoprene. nitrile rubber. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. polyethylene. PVA. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: natural fibres

Hand protection:

Gloves

Eye protection:

Face shield. In case of dust production: protective goggles

Skin and body protection:

Corrosion-proof clothing. In case of dust production: head/neck protection

Respiratory protection:

Dust production: dust mask with filter type P3. High dust production: self-contained breathing apparatus

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties			
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties			
Physical state	: Solid		
Appearance	: Crystalline solid. Crystalline powder. Little spheres. Lumps. Needles. Scales. Flakes.		
Colour	: White		
Odour	: Odourless		
Odour threshold	: No data available		
рН	: 14 (5 %)		
Melting point	: 323 °C		
Freezing point	: No data available		
Boiling point	: 1388 °C (1013.25 hPa)		
Flash point	: Not applicable		
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available		
Vapour pressure	: < 0.1 hPa (20 °C)		
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available		
Relative density	: 2.13 (20 °C)		
Density	: 2130 kg/m ³		
Molecular mass	: 40 g/mol		
Solubility	: Exothermically soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in methanol. Soluble in glycerol. Water: 100 g/100ml (25 °C) Ethanol: soluble		
Log Pow	: No data available		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable		
Decomposition temperature	: No data available		
Viscosity, kinematic	: 0.53 mm²/s (25 °C, 1 mol/l)		
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.997 mPa.s (25 °C, Test data)		
Explosive limits	: No data available		
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.		
Oxidising properties	: None.		
9.2. Other information			
Minimum ignition energy	: Not applicable		
Saturation concentration	: 671 g/m³		
VOC content	: Not applicable (inorganic)		
Other properties	: Translucent. Hygroscopic. Substance has basic reaction.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	
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10.1. Reactivity

May be corrosive to metals. Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent to explosive reaction with (some) acids. Reacts violently with many compounds: heat release resulting in increased fire or explosion risk. Violent exothermic reaction with water (moisture): release of corrosive mist. Reacts exothermically on exposure to water (moisture) with combustible materials: risk of spontaneous ignition.

10.2. Chemical stability

Hygroscopic. Unstable on exposure to air.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with acids. Reacts violently with water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Moisture. Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Water. Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. metals. combustible materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Sodium oxide.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological informati	on
11.1 Information on toxicological effects	
Likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eyes contact
Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. pH: 14 (5 %)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage. pH: 14 (5 %)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Causes severe skin burns. Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: WHEN PROCESSED: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Respiratory difficulties. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Possible oedema of the upper respiratory tract. Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Risk of lung oedema.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Blisters. Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin. Slow-healing wounds.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Dry/sore throat. Nausea. Abdominal pain. Blood in vomit. Difficulty in swallowing. Possible esophageal perforation. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Shock.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Skinrash/inflammation. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Gastrointestinal complaints.
SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Ecology - air	: Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014). Not

Ecology - water	: Harmful to crustacea. Harmful to fishes. Groundwater pollutant. pH shift.
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 fish 1	45.4 mg/l (Other, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	40.4 mg/l (Other, 48 h, Ceriodaphnia sp., Experimental value)

12.2. Persistence and degradability Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2) Biodegradability: not applicable. Persistence and degradability Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Not applicable (inorganic) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) Not applicable (inorganic) ThOD Not applicable (inorganic) **Bioaccumulative potential** 12.3. Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2) Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.

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12.4.	Mobility in soil	
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
Ecolo	gy - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
12.5.	Other adverse effects	

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	S		
13.1. Disposal methods			
Waste disposal recommendations	: Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Should not be landfilled with household waste. Recycle/reuse. Dilute. Neutralize.		
Additional information	: Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.		
SECTION 14: Transport information			
Department of Transportation (DOT) In accordance with DOT			
Transport document description	: UN1823 Sodium hydroxide, solid, 8, II		
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1823		
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Sodium hydroxide, solid		
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136		
Packing group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger		
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 - Corrosive		
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 212		
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 240		
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	 IB8 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B, 21N, 31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2); Fiberboard (11G); Wooden (11C, 11D and 11F); Flexible (13H1, 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L1, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 or 13M2). IP2 - When IBCs other than metal or rigid plastics IBCs are used, they must be offered for transportation in a closed freight container or a closed transport vehicle. IP4 - Flexible, fiberboard or wooden IBCs must be sift-proof and water-resistant or be fitted with a sift-proof and water-resistant liner. T3 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal		
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 154		
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 15 kg		
CFR 175.75)	: 50 Kg		

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DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and passenger vessel.	l on a
DOT Vessel Stowage Other Other information	52 - Stow "separated from" acidsNo supplementary information available.	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
15.1. US Federal regulations		
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information	
Revision date	: 02/21/2018
Full text of H-statements: see section 16:	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
NFPA health hazard	: 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical dire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.
NFPA reactivity	: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.
Hazard Rating	
Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.
Personal protection	: F
	F - Safety glasses, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Dust respirator
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